

It is estimated that the tax of 1 cent per gallon on crude petroleum will net nearly one and a quarter million dollars annually to the Treasury of Pennsylvania, should the bill now before the Legislature become a law.

KANSAS is a young State, less than twenty years old, and now has a population of 700,000. She has property valued at \$230,000,000; she raised last year \$36,000,000 in farm products; she has 2,310 miles of railroad, 223,000 school children, 4,008 school houses; her territory is not yet one-fourth developed; she gives a Republican majority of 40,000. Her citizens will well feel proud of such a record of good soil, good people and good sense.

THE NEW YORK GRAPHIC, one of the most persevering advocates of silver, publishes the following significant paragraph: "It is understood that the Bonanza Kings intend soon to open a great banking establishment in New York City. They will have transfer offices for all their mining stocks and will transact a general banking business. California has become too small for these gigantic capitalists. It should be borne in mind that the four men who practically comprise the Bonanza firm, and their associates, are richer than the Rothschilds, and it is probably within their power to make New York the money center of the world. They have the money and, doubtless, the ability. Should we have a great mining interest represented in New York, the railroad interest will be thrown quite into the shade; indeed, there is more money made in mines than in our railroads."

LITTLE'S LIVING AGE.—The numbers of The Living Age for the weeks ending February 9th and 10th, have the following contents: The Dutch in Java, by Sir David Wedderburn, *Fortnightly Review*; Schools of Mind and Manners, *Blackwood*; Erica, translated for The Living Age from the German of Frau von Ingelheim; Lord Melbourne, *Quarterly Review*; Congregational Singing, *Cornhill*; From advance sheets: The Death of Victor Emanuel, *Spectator*; Murder of Commissioner Fraser, *Delhi*, 1836, a Tale of Circumstantial Evidence, *Fraser*; Baron Munchausen's Frozen Words, *Spectator*; Will of Mr. Macdonald, *Notes of Talking Shop, Examiner*; Dulcissima, *Dilettantina*; A Passage in the Life of an Antiquary, *Macmillan*; and the usual choice poetry, etc. The back numbers containing the first instalments of "Erica," and a story by Miss Thackeray, are still sent gratis to new subscribers for 1878.

For fifty-two numbers, of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,000 pages a year), the subscription price (\$8) is low; or for \$10 one of the American \$4 monthly or weekly papers.

THE LIVING AGE for a year, both postpaid, Little & Gay, Boston, are the publishers.

DANGERS OF THE MINES.

How the Miners Sometimes Faint and Fall From the Cages. From the Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise, Feb. 9. Last Wednesday night, at the Savage Mine, when the shaft was changing, at 11 o'clock, Morris O'Connor, a young man about 19 years of age, told his companions, as they got upon the cage to go to the surface, that he felt sick at his stomach. The men who were with him on the cage—George W. Wynn, shift boss; Johnny Rowe, Con O'Hara, and a Mr. O'Connor—stood around him in such a way as to support him. When about half way up the shaft it was observed that young O'Connor's eyes suddenly became glassy, and that he was sinking toward the floor of the cage. Johnny Rowe at once caught him, and the others helping to support him, he was safely brought to the surface, where he was in an insensible condition. He had fainted "dead away," and it was several minutes before he recovered his consciousness. But for the fact of his having informed his companions of his sickness, and the precautions consequently taken by them in placing him in the centre of the cage and keeping watch upon him, the young man would undoubtedly have lost his life, as many before him have done under precisely the same circumstances. The father of the young man, whose name was also Morris, lost his life in the same mine but a few months ago.

Even the oldest and most experienced miners are liable to be taken with these fainting spells when working in very hot places, and sometimes when they have been working in a cool place, and then a fatal degree of heat, if they are healthy or otherwise somewhat out of health. This being the case, no miner should be in the least ashamed to at once inform his friends when the moment he feels sick at the stomach when on the cage, as it is the preliminary symptom of the fainting fit soon to follow. The fit of unconsciousness generally comes on when the cool air toward the top of the shaft is reached, and is so sudden that a man thus stricken is never known to speak.

We will mention another instance where a man saved his life by mentioning the fact that he felt sick. This was at the Consolidated Virginia Mine, some three years ago. Some men from San Francisco were in the mine, and among these was Joe Clark, brother of Joe Clark, Jr. of Clark, of this county. One cage-load of visitors had gone to the surface, and while they were waiting below for the return of the cage the foreman of the mine pointed out the spot where had landed the mangled remains of a poor fellow who had fainted the day before while going up on the cage. Joe Clark being a large and bulky man, and the writer having observed that the heat of the lower levels had told on him considerably, he suspected him of being in a condition to faint, therefore for his benefit said that, when on a cage, any man feeling in the least sick should at once mention the fact, in order that he might be supported by those about him. We were about two-thirds of the way up the shaft when Clark said: "I have a strange sensation in my stomach, I feel sick." All about him took a firm hold upon his arms, or some part of his clothing, and just as we reached the top, down he went. He was lifted and dragged into the dressing-room, near a band, where he was soon restored to consciousness.

Blast Furnaces of the World.

PERSONS AND THINGS. Victor Emmanuel's personal debt amount to \$7,000,000. Henry Ward Beecher's college rank was lower than that of any other graduate of Amherst who has achieved distinction. Captain Eads, the mouth of the Mississippi man, is spoken of as a candidate for United States Senator in Missouri. The Washington Post thinks that the gallant Captain should "stick to the river density."

Emma Abbott wants to be the next woman victim of incarceration. Now where is this man, as doubtless there is one among her rejected suitors, who is cruel enough to second the motion?

Nearly four months of Congress have passed, and yet ten bills and resolutions, mostly unimportant, have been passed. Over four thousand bills have been offered, and over fifty of these on the question of finance.

A seamstress in Port Jarvis sued a lady customer for \$3.00 for making a dress, but four other dress-makers testified that the work was "revelly" done, and that the goods were "revelly" worth less than before being made up. The result was that the seamstress lost her suit and had to pay \$12 costs besides.

A woman has found out a comfortable secret—trying a small bottle of hot water in the bath to keep the hands warm on long drives. The bottle is dressed in cardinal flannel, cross-stitched with silk and tied with ribbons, and is a very gay little companion.

The five-year-old daughter of a Cleveland family the other day stood watching her baby brother, who was making a great fuss over having his face washed. The little maid at length lost her patience, and stamping her tiny foot said: "You think you have lots of trouble, but you don't know any thing about it. Wait till you're big enough to get a lickin' and then you'll see—won't he, mama?"

At a London theatre recently a disgraceful scene took place. A man in a stage box amused himself by fishing for the ankles of the ballet girls with the crook of his cane, causing one of them to retire in tears from the footlights. He then commenced abusing one of the actors, who crossed over to the box and slapped his prosecutor's face. The man climbed out of the box to the stage and went for the actor; a real stage fight ensued, during which the curtain was dropped, and the disturbance of peace given into custody.

The Shreveport Times prints this important and fashionable intelligence: "The young men of Shreveport, though exceptionally gallant, are, as a rule, in moderate circumstances, only having their wages to live upon. Theatre tickets and the hire of carriages make a slight chasm in their finances, and so, unless the weather is too unfavorable for walking, it would be the part of kindness and discretion for ladies to insist upon walking."

When the traditional boy coated the seat of his trousers with nitro-glycerine and his irate mamma approached with intent to chastise him, the situation, while it was critical, was extremely interesting. There was no telling what a blow would bring forth. This is about the state of affairs in Europe just now.

When Turkey gets very mad she turns and spouts little Montenegro. It never does any good, because Montenegro can take more spanking to the square inch, and get fat on it, than any other country in the world. But it keeps Turkey's hand in, and the Montenegros seem to enjoy it to but little.

A Mr. Davis, of Medford, Mass., a short time ago, while shaving, fell backward upon the floor, and was pronounced dead. As he had expressed fears that he might be buried alive, the body was kept several days in the house and carefully watched. The remains were finally buried at Malden. After the funeral the widow and her daughter, who reside in different houses, on a certain night dreamed that the deceased was coming alive and was trying to convey himself from the grave. They told their dreams to each other, and finally caused the grave to be opened. To the horror of all the corpse was found lying on its side, and the top of the casket broken, showing that the man had made strenuous efforts to escape death by suffocation.

THE FIRST DRINK FOR FIVE YEARS.

It Causes a Farmer to Drive Bashily Across a Railroad Track in Front of an Engine—Narrow Escape of Himself and Daughter From Iron Horse, February 13th.

Last evening a farmer named Isaac Tuckerman, of Spencer, attempted to drive over the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad track with a sleigh in which himself and his daughter Clara were riding. The evening train was thundering down the steep grade a few rods east of the crossing, but Tuckerman, who was intoxicated, thought he could get his team over in time to avoid the train. He tried it. The result was a sickening crash, and then a screaming woman and a splintered sleigh were flying through the air. The remains of the sleigh fell in the broad ditch about 20 feet from where the engine struck it, and Miss Tuckerman landed in the snow about 15 feet still further on. The driver was alone on the side of the ditch, farthest from the engine, but merely rolled out into the road and escaped unhurt. The collision severed the horses from the vehicle as quickly as though a razor had cut the traces, and they sped on Aurora street. The young woman landed the mangled remains of a poor fellow who had fainted the day before while going up on the cage. Joe Clark being a large and bulky man, and the writer having observed that the heat of the lower levels had told on him considerably, he suspected him of being in a condition to faint, therefore for his benefit said that, when on a cage, any man feeling in the least sick should at once mention the fact, in order that he might be supported by those about him. We were about two-thirds of the way up the shaft when Clark said: "I have a strange sensation in my stomach, I feel sick." All about him took a firm hold upon his arms, or some part of his clothing, and just as we reached the top, down he went. He was lifted and dragged into the dressing-room, near a band, where he was soon restored to consciousness.

Something About Weddings. Frank Leslie's Journal tells about wedding thus: At the end of the first year comes the cotton wedding; at three years comes the paper; at five years comes the leather; at the close of five comes the wooden; at the seventh anniversary the friends assemble at the wooden, and at ten comes the tin. At twelve years the silk and fine linen; at fifteen the crystal wedding. At twenty the friends gather with their china, and at twenty-five the married couple that have been true to their vows for a quarter of a century are rewarded with the tokens of esteem become rapidly more valuable. When the thirtieth anniversary is reached they are presented with pearls; at the fortieth come the rubies; and at the fiftieth occurs the glorious golden wedding. Beyond that time the aged couple are allowed to enjoy their many gifts in peace. If, however, by any possibility they should reach the seventy-fifth anniversary, they are presented with the rarest gifts to be obtained, at the celebration of their diamond wedding.

Lighting a Match. The match box, the wall and the carpet are the three substances upon which the average woman will consent to light a match, and it should be noticed, as a curious and as yet unexplained fact, that no woman, in any circumstances, dreams of lighting matches on the under side of a marble mantel-piece. Man, on the other hand, regards the mantel-piece as the natural complement of the match, and if he happens to be near one when about to light a match, uniformly scratches it on the under side of the marble. Some men prefer to light matches on the soles of their boots, except, of course, when the soles in question are damp. The vast majority of male human beings, whether men, boys or adolescents of female dress reform, light their matches on their trousers.—N. Y. Times.

How Hival Mine Owners Fight. The Virginia (Nevada) Enterprise says: Among the infernal machines invented for use in carrying on the underground war between the Justice and Alta was a sort of subterranean monitor which was rigged up in the Justice. It was a kind of bullet-proof car placed on wheels, with port-holes through which to shoot. This was to contain two men with plenty of guns and pistols, and was to have been propelled from behind. In this way Mr. Curtis expected to capture the entire efficiency was not tested, it is difficult to give any opinion as to its probable workings. What Derby had in the Atlas to match this machine we do not positively know, but have heard it hinted that the mine on his side was mined, and that it contained enough giant powder to blow everything in the neighborhood to Davy Jones' locker.

The Laboratory of the System. The stomach is the laboratory of the system, in which certain mysterious processes are constantly going on. These result in the production of that wonderful vivifying agent the blood, which in a state of health rushes laden with the elements of vitality to the remotest parts of the system. But when the stomach is semi-paralyzed by dyspepsia, blood manufacture is carried on imperfectly, the circulation grows thin and sluggish, and the system suffers in consequence. Moreover, indigestion reacts upon the liver and bowels, rendering the first sluggish and the latter constipated. The brain also suffers by sympathy, and sick headache, sleeplessness and nervous symptoms are engendered. Hostetter's Stomach Balm reforms this state of things, gives permanent tone and regularity to the stomach and its associate organs, the liver and bowels, and insures complete nourishment and increased vigor of the system. It is the most popular as well as the most efficient anti-dyspeptic and tonic in America.

DIED. BEAZLE.—At Delmar, Ohio, on Saturday night, February 16, 1878, at 11 o'clock, ELIZA TRACHTER, wife of M. K. Beazle, aged 28 years.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE. DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

GENERAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS.

EMPLOYMENT.

ERKENBRECHER'S Bon-Ton Starch

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. FOR RENT—HOUSE. No. 18 SEVENTH STREET. Containing eight rooms, gas and water. Possession to be had immediately. Apply to JOHN EBBERT, 1619 No. 20 Seventh Street.

FOR RENT—House on South Front street, Island, now occupied by Charles C. Faria. Possession given 1st of April. Apply to FEARGUS WHALEY, 12th street, City.

FOR RENT—A Brick House and twenty-five acres of ground, situated on Chaplin hill. Held house contains three rooms and cellar. I also have for sale fine good houses and sandy farming lands. Apply to JACOB ALTMAYER, Benwood Iron Works.

M. KLEINHAUS, 1004 Market Street, FIRST-CLASS UPHOLSTER, Late with Mendel, Booth & Co. All kinds of Upholstering done in the latest style, and best materials at a much lower charge than anywhere in town. Satisfaction guaranteed. Parlor, suits, mattresses, lambrequins, loose covers, carpets fitted and laid. Please give me a call. 1619

CLOCKS AT \$1.50! SILVER PLATED BUTTER DISHES \$2.00. CANNERS \$1.50. TABLE SPOONS \$1.50 Per Dozen. TEA SPOONS \$1.00 Per Dozen. Closing out to leave the city. 1619

A LITTLE BUT "GRATE" INVENTION—HAYDEN'S PATENT FIRE-KINDLERS. Does away with preparing kindling. No paper, or anything besides itself, to light a fire. No matches, trouble or danger, as in shavings, coal oil, etc. Cheaper than any prepared kindling wood. For sale at H. F. BEHRENS, 217 Market street, and by many grocers in the city and Island.

TEAS.—The choicest in the world—imported and prices—Largest Company in America—stable articles—please every body—Trade constantly increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, Pres. of the Original American Tea Co., 43 Vesey St., N. Y. City. 1619 day

OPERA HOUSE. Mother Goose Reception. A MUSICAL "EXTRAVAGANZA" FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CHILDREN'S HOME, Thursday, February 21st, Saturday, February 23rd.

WASHINGTON HALL. Return of Wheeling's Favorite! Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday & Saturday, February 26, 27, and March 1 and 2.

POSITIVELY AT COST FOR CASH! Parlor Suits, Chamber Sets, Bureaus, Dressing Cases, Washstands, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Book-Cases, Chairs, Tables, Mattresses.

FRIEND & SON, 1063 Main St.

REGULAR TUESDAY PACKET. For Paterson, Piquette, Gallopia, Ironton, Huntington, Portsmouth, Mayville, Cincinnati & Louisville.

STONE PORCELAIN. FOR HOT TEL AND FAMILY USE, at CUMMINS & WOODS.

ERKENBRECHER'S Bon-Ton Starch

EMPLOYMENT.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS.

EMPLOYMENT.

ERKENBRECHER'S Bon-Ton Starch

EMPLOYMENT.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS.

REDUCTION OF PRICES! Flannels, Blankets, Sheetings, Cassimeres, Cloakings, Velvets, Table Damasks, Towels, Napkins, Quilts.

REDUCE STOCK.

DRESS GOODS, SUITINGS, Black and Colored Silks, Black and Colored Cashmeres, Mink and Seal Muffs and Boas, Seal Skin Cloaks, Matelasse Cloaks.

SELLING OFF TO REMOVE! THE LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF Weber, Ohio Valley, Hardman, Woods, Ohio Valley, Estey, PIANOS, ORGANS.

SHEET MUSIC, BOOKS, STRINGS, INSTRUMENTS, &c. OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, now on sale at SHEIB'S MUSIC STORE, MAIN STREET.

As it is desired to not remove any of the stock now on hand, to the New Store Under Washington Hall, Persons wanting anything in the Music line will find it to their interest to secure one or more of the Bona Fide Bargains to be obtained in every article in this Store. WILL REMOVE ABOUT MARCH FIFTH. The whole Stock at Cost till then.

MORNING-GLORY BAKING POWDER. Is celebrated for its Purity; is the most Economical; makes most delicious Light, White and Wholesome Cookery; keeps any length of time in any climate unchanged. ALL GROCERS AUTHORIZED TO GUARANTEE IT.

G. S. FEENEY, Sole Agent, 1307 Main St., Wheeling, W. Va.

NEW GOODS. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS, For the FALL TRADE, embracing all the New Styles in Overcoatings, Suitings and Pantaloon Goods.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. Always in store. Call and examine our stock. J. H. STALLMAN & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS, 27 Twelfth Street.

INSURANCE. PENN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ORGANIZED 1847. DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS. ACCUMULATED CAPITAL. \$4,224,000. 11 LIVES PAID. \$375,000. 20

SAMUEL C. HUBY, President. SAMUEL E. STOKES, Vice President. JAS. WEIR MASON, Actuary. H. S. STEPHENS, 2d Vice President. HENRY AUSTIN, Secretary.

Every Policyholder is a member of the Company, entitled to all its advantages and privileges. It has declared more dividends in number, and of a larger percentage than any Company in the United States. It is liberal in its management, prompt in its settlements of losses.

ROBERT W. TUCKER, General Agent. OFFICE, NO. 28 TWELFTH ST., WHEELING, W. VA. Agents wanted in every section of the State; also City Collectors.

FOR SALE. COMMISSIONER'S SALE. In the County Court of Ohio County. Wm. A. Hoover & Co. Jacob F. Liskent et al. In Chancery.

TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1878. At 10 o'clock A. M. proceed to sell at public auction, at the front door of the Court House of Ohio County, the following described real property, that to-wit: Lot numbered thirty-one (No. 31) lying on the west side of National Road in the town of Fulton, in Ohio County, W. Va. (see Deed Book No. 48, p. 100). Also, a parcel of land in Tridale's District, in Ohio County, lying at the junction of R. & W. Marshall's road, being the southwest corner of a tract of land sold to John F. Frederick & Son, to be paid to him in two equal yearly payments, with interest, on the day of sale, with interest from the day of sale, the purchase money to be paid in full on the day of sale, and the title to be retained until the purchase money is paid.

W. H. HALKER, Auctioneer. A PRIVATE SALE. Until March 1st, prox., I will sell at private sale any of the Personal Property of the

Centripetal Power Company, Consisting of Iron and Wood TURNING LATHES AND PLANERS, Boring, Mortising and Trenching Machines, Drill, Boring and miscellaneous tools. Also, CENTRIPETAL POWER MACHINES, for Sawing, Planing, etc.

JOHN H. SEVERING, Oppers Hill Road, Market St. BILLIARD ROOM FOR SALE. A Billiard Room for sale very cheap. It is a good chance for the person who has capital to make money, as there is no other Billiard Room in the city, and it is the best locality in the city for such a business. The room is on Market street. Call on or address JOHN H. SEVERING, Oppers Hill Road, Market St.

PUBLIC SALE. Of Valuable Real Estate on Market St. I will sell at Public Sale at the front door of the Court House on

WEDNESDAY MORNING, February 20, 1878, Commencing at 10 o'clock, if not sold at private sale by that date, my property, situated on Market street, between 21st and 22d streets, Lot numbered one hundred and thirteen (113) on the west side of Market street, in that part of the city of Wheeling known as Charming, and was an addition, now called Centre Wheeling. The said lot has in it a fine dwelling house 1 1/2 stories high. It is well located in two lots or the whole. Terms of sale made reasonable and made known day of sale.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A good two-story Brick House, with nine rooms and finished attic, water, gas, both rooms; full lot; situated on Erie street, directly opposite steamboat landing. One of the finest views about the city.

TRUSTEE'S SALE. By virtue of a deed of trust made by Daniel Cook and wife to James McCune, as trustee, dated July 25th, 1875, and recorded in Book No. 6, folio 12, in the office of the Clerk of the County Court of Ohio County, West Virginia, and was an order of the Circuit Court of Ohio County, West Virginia, made on the 11th day of May, 1877, relating to the estate of said Daniel Cook, deceased, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the Court House of Ohio County, West Virginia, on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1878, At 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to-wit: Lots numbered 18, 19 and 20, situated on the east side of water street, Centre Wheeling, West Virginia, being the property conveyed to D. Quinby by deed from the Northwestern Bank of Virginia, dated September 21, 1869, and recorded in Ohio County records, Book 4, page 99. TERMS OF SALE—\$1,000 or as much more as the purchaser elects to pay in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in four equal annual payments, bearing eight (8) per cent interest from date of sale, and the balance to be paid on the day of sale, to be secured by a deed of trust on the property, and also insuring the buildings on the property for the benefit of the trust last created, in the sum of \$1,000.

The title is believed to be perfect, but selling as trustee, I can only convey such title as is vested in me by the deed of trust and order herein before referred to. S. J. BILBERT, Trustee. W. VA., Dec. 22, 1877.

The above sale has been postponed until TUESDAY, February 19th, 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M. S. J. BILBERT, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE. OF THE GLADES IRON WORKS, Preston County, West Virginia. By virtue of a deed of trust made by Abner Evans, Jr., to the undersigned trustee, dated the 15th day of December, 1876, and of record among the land records of Preston County, West Virginia, in Deed Book No. 20, pp. 225, 226 and 227, I will on

TUESDAY, the 26th day of March, 1878, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., at the FRONT DOOR OF THE COURT HOUSE OF PRESTON COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA, proceed to sell to the highest bidder the following described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debt secured by said deed of trust, and the balance of the debt, and the expenses of sale, including the trustee's commissions, that to-wit: The following real estate and property, situated in Preston County, West Virginia, on the waters of Three Forks creek, known as the

GLADES IRON WORKS, including the town of Gladesville, and eight hundred and fifty acres of land and lands adjacent thereto. The description and boundaries thereof are fully known by reference to the following deeds conveying the said land to George Hardman, all of which are recorded in the office of the Clerk of the County Court of Preston County, West Virginia, to-wit: A deed for two tracts of land, one containing 200 acres, the other 22 acres, two poles, from G. A. and Agnes Hildreth to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 20th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K. Hardman to said John K. Hardman, dated May 18th, 1872, and recorded in Deed Book No. 41, page 2 and 3; a deed from George Hardman to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated May 27th, 1874, and recorded in Deed Book No. 40, page 257; a deed from George Hardman and Mary E. Miller to said George Hardman and Mary E. Miller, dated June 10th, 1870, and recorded in Deed Book No. 23, page 216; and a deed from John K.